

MT. STERLING ADVOCATE.

A WEEKLY JOURNAL, IDENTICAL IN INTEREST WITH ITS OWN PEOPLE.

VOL. VII MT. STERLING, KENTUCKY, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1896.

NO 14

We sell strictly for CASH.

Here's the Place for Bargain Seekers.

WILL SELL

17-inch

Japaned Coal Buckets for

17 Cents

FROM NOW UNTIL

OCT. 27.

One for Every Person!

First Come, First Served.

W. W. REED,

Hardware,

Queensware,

MT. STERLING, KY.

PUBLIC SALE

OF

LAND!

CLARK CIRCUIT COURT,

On Petition

By virtue of a judgment of the Clark Circuit Court rendered at the September term, 1896, the undersigned Special Commissioner of said Court will offer for sale near Beckenberry in Clark County, Kentucky, on

Saturday, November 14, 1896,

AT 2 O'CLOCK P. M., proceed to a tract of land described as follows:

A TRACT OF LAND

Lying on Howards Lower Rock in Clark County, Ky., and bounded on the west by the road across the intersection of the Kentucky River Turnpike and Collyerville road, and on the east by the intersection of the Kentucky River Road S 29 degrees and 45 mins. E. 2000 feet to a stake in the center of said S. 27 degrees and 59 mins. E. 1820 feet to a point in the center of a line running N 85 degrees and 45 mins. W. 1790 acres.

The tract is well watered and fenced, with one dwelling house containing seven rooms and cellar, and all necessary outbuildings. Two small barns are also there.

Said sale will be made on a credit of six weeks, and the money will be paid in cash, and it will be required to execute bonds with security to the amount of \$1000, to be paid at the date of sale at six per cent, per annum, and a lien will be retained on said land to secure the payment of the same.

W. R. LANTER,

Special Commissioner Clark Circuit Court.

TRIMBLE BROS.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS

MT. STERLING, KY.

Personal.

FREE—64-page medical reference book to any person afflicted with any special chronic or delicate disease peculiar to their sex. Address the leading physicians and surgeons of the United States, Dr. Hahnemann & Co., 70 Dearborn Street, Chicago, 45-ly.

PAY YOUR TAXES.
The Poor Have No Other Thought,
and the Law Says this Strong
Corporation Shall Pay
Its Taxes.

The case of the City Council of Frankfort against the Mason-Ford Company involving \$16,000 taxes sued on for the years 1886, 1887 and 1888, was referred in the Court of Appeals, Saturday. Judge Painter, who handed down the opinion of the court holds that the taxes must be paid.

This was a case where the mighty in money powers sought to evade the payment of an honest debt, which was levied as all other taxes which is for paying of the actual expense of the city. No wonder our cities and States are forced to suspend the payment of obligations when such corporations are ever protesting against the payment of just levies.

Mr. Carlisle was Egged at Covington.

It would seem from what we can gather that a few eggs were thrown at Mr. Carlisle and there was an attempt made to interfere with his speaking. Whatever the disturbance was, we are indeed sorry that it occurred. There is a law against such disturbances and were it enforced in a few instances it would be a lesson to the reckless who think it is smart to dishonor public speaking. Mr. Carlisle had a right to speak in Covington and if the tough element did not want to hear him it was their privilege to stay away. We have no objection with such a mob and a few days in jail would be a great lesson for them. What that class did on that occasion should not be charged to the Democratic party, any more than should that disturbance of Mr. Bryan at New Haven be charged to the Republican party.

The Courier-Journal and other Wall Street organs were attempting to make much capital out of it, but sensible men will not be influenced by them. There are bad men in all parties but they do not compose the parties and their actions are deplored by all good citizens. The issues of the campaign cannot be side-tracked by heaping up abuse. The issue is before the people and must be settled by the people.

In every instance, after a period of unsatisfactory experience, the demands of commerce and of common sense have forced a return to the normal and proper system of bimetallism. There is not in the whole of history an instance where the return to bimetallism from any other system has brought disaster or failed to promote prosperity. There is not recorded in history a single instance where for a long, or even short period, gold monometalism has promoted the interest of the masses. We have tested the gold standard for twenty-three years. During that period we have had two great bank panics, and we are now suffering from industrial paralysis. The only prosperity we have known during this period was from 1878 to 1893, while we were enjoying a semblance of bimetallism, which gave promise of securing to commerce a gradually expanding volume of legal tender bimetallic money to meet its growing needs. Our prosperity ceased just as soon as it became apparent that this counterpart of bimetallism could no longer be maintained. The gold advocates claim that gold monometalism is a new thing in the world, and argue that it is a kind of "survival of the fittest." History unmasks the emptiness of this claim, and shows that gold monometalism is no more a new thing than the idolatry of pagan gods, and that bimetallism is no more old-fashioned than Christianity.

The issues of the present campaign are fully made and the case is now before the people. Let every man vote according to his best judgment, and Bryan, Sewall, Fitzpatrick and bimetallism will win.

If we get more money, if we have prosperous times throughout the country, Bryan, Sewall and a Democratic Congress must be elected.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.
Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

Can't Reach.

The Republicans are doing a powerful sight of blowing over Kentucky. They have thought they would surely get the State, but they have not suffered money. Men are not going to get their votes and there is not a shadow of a chance for McKinley with the aid he will get from the "gold ranks." The Democratic State Campaign Committee gives out the following statement:

	Bryan	McKinley
First district.....	12,000	
Second district.....	5,000	
Third district.....	1,000	
Fourth district.....	5,000	
Fifth district.....	7,000	
Sixth district.....	5,000	
Seventh district.....	3,500	
Eighth district.....	1,000	
Ninth district.....	1,500	
Tenth district.....	2,000	
Eleventh district.....		8,000
Totals.....	36,000	15,000
Bryan's majority.....	21,000	

This is conceding the Fifth to the Republicans, but as a matter of fact the Fifth will be carried for Bryan by a small majority and this is figured by giving the "gold bugs" to the Repub-

Died.

On October 21, at his home in this County, of paroxysms, Elder J. S. Wills, in the 70th year of his age. Mr. Wills was an excellent man whose efforts have always been for good, and what he has accomplished as a servant of the Lord he now knows and for it is enjoying rich rewards. He was born Jan. 1st, 1827; was married April 6th, 1848; was the father of 15 children, 8 of whom with his devoted wife, survive him. He was a minister of the Christian church 35 years and during that time performed 122 marriage ceremonies and baptized 110 into the church, about 300 persons. He had been pastor at Antioch, Sycamore, Cane Creek and North Bend churches. His funeral was preached at his late residence, Friday, by Elder Marion, of Clark Church, and interred in the family burying ground with Masonic honors, Alma Lodge, F. & A. M., 32nd officiating. Of this fraternity he had been a member 26 years. He started in life a poor boy and by constant study and economy had accumulated a nice estate. A good neighbor, kind and accommodating, a Christian man, he is enjoying the rewards of the faithful.

X. F. P.

Ha! HA! HA! OH!

WHAT TICKLES YOU SO?

Do You See How the Palmer-Buckner Advocates, ex Officio

Democrats.

Are making love to and forming alliances with those men upon whom until recently they poured their flails of wrath?

We are not abusing the Republicans, but, really, it is amusing to see how the Republicans are using these ex-Democrats. Perhaps, too, the Republicans feel sorry for these Palmer-Buckner men who are so opposed to dishonor, repudiation and anarchism, especially when an imported speaker comes to town. Without the Republicans these men will show up few and far between.

In speaking of the campaign a Republican recently said to an ADVOCATE man that there was no need for the Republicans to have many speakers, because the Palmer-Buckner men were doing their work; and yet the claim is made that the principles of true Democracy must be maintained.

Dr. Daniels' ColicCure never fails to cure and won't make a horse sick. Tipton's drug store.

Great Closing

out Sale STILL

CONTINUES

—AT—

ENOCH'S ARGAIN HOUSE.

MAIN STREET

MT. STERLING, KY.

Public Speaking

Hon. William J. Stone, ex-Congressman from the First Kentucky district, and Judge J. W. Perry, of Lexington, will address the citizens of this section of Kentucky in the interest of true Democracy, at the following times and places:

Martinsburg, Tuesday, October 27, 2 p. m.

Caitletsburg, Wednesday, October 28, 2 p. m.

Louis, Thursday, October 29, 2 p. m.

Paintsville, Friday, October 30, 2 p. m.

Grayson, Saturday, October 31, 2 p. m.

HONS. ROBERT FRANKLIN AND SOUTHE

TRIMBLE, of Frankfort.

Satysville, Wednesday, October 21, 2 p. m.

Hazel Green, Thursday, October 22, 2 p. m.

Campont, Friday, October 23, 2 p. m.

Torrent, Friday, October 23, 2 p. m.

Public Speaking

Hon. C. P. Campbell, Chairman of Democratic Campaign Committee for the Tenth Congressional District announces the following appointments of Democratic speakers who will stump the District in the interest of Bryan and Sewall and Fitzpatrick:

JUDGE JOHN E. COOPER AND HON.

H. M. WOODFORD.

Oct. 29th, Jackson, Breathitt Co.

Oct. 30th, Stanton, Powell Co.

Oct. 31st, Mt. Sterling.

Nov. 2nd, Winchester.

All speaking begins at 1 o'clock.

A Natural Beautifier.

Karl's Clover Root Tea purifies the blood and gives a clear and beautiful complexion. For sale by Thos. Kennedy.

Go to the Mt. Sterling Floral Company for artistic funeral designs.

Are Your Dollars Dead, or Alive?

If you carry them in your pocket, they are dead.

If you invest

ten of them in one of our \$10.00 Suits or Overcoats, they will be alive, and return to you big value.

Denton, Guthrie & Co.,

The Clothiers,

Mt. Sterling, Kentucky.

FREE.—With every Cash Purchase

of \$10.00 and over, we give you a good RAZOR.

Hurrah for Bryan.

We are informed by a gentleman who accompanied Mr. Robert Franklin on his tour through Menifee, Morgan, Wolfe and Magoffin counties, that great crowds were in attendance at all meetings except at Frenchburg and Torent; that great interest is manifested for the Democratic leaders, and that many Republicans will support Bryan, Sewall and Fitzpatrick.

Republican State Treasurer Long at Ezel and Mr. Franklin responded, completely vanquishing Mr. Long. At Salyersville several Republicans came to Mr. Franklin and promised to vote the Democratic tickets. There was a flag raised at Hazel Green and some converts to Democracy were made. Before reaching Campont, Mr. Franklin was met by 150 horsemen.

The issues of the present campaign are fully made and the case is now before the people. Let every man vote according to his best judgment, and Bryan, Sewall and a Democratic Congress must be elected.

Hair Restored to Natural Color

I saw in your statement that Zulu Vulfer would restore any hair of head to natural color in three weeks. As I was very gray I sent for a sample package, and in less than three weeks my hair was perfectly restored to natural color. My wife's hair was a light red, and by using Zulu Vulfer, her hair is now a beautifulubr. Any one can get a sample package of Zulu Vulfer by sending 21 two-cent stamps to Wilson & Co., New Concord, Ohio, and it does not restore the hair to natural color in three weeks they will return your stamp; it not only restores the hair to natural color, but will stop the hair falling out immediately and is one of the best hair tonics made, and you take no risk and it does not satisfy you perfectly they will return your stamp.

A Reader.

Wright's Celery Tea cures constipation, sick headaches, 25¢ at druggists.

Marvelous!

The results attained right here at home have been marvelous. Hundreds of your neighbors who have used Wright's Celery Capsules say so. They cure Kidney, Liver and Stomach trouble, Rheumatism, Constipation and Sick Headaches. Why pay \$1 every two weeks for a bottle of medicine when you can get treatment at 1 cent a day. Wright's Celery Capsules give 100 day's treatment for \$1.00 backed by a bank, to cure you or refund your money. Sold by W. S. Lloyd Druggist.

43-11

Chrysanthemums.

The Mt. Sterling Floral Company is now cutting specimen blooms, first of the season.

Mr. J. W. Barnes is agent for the Louisville Commercial, and the papers will be found daily in the hands of the news boys and at his store.

SHOWS GAINS FOR BRYAN.

A True Analysis of the Presidential Ballot Being Taken by the Chicago Record.

A CORRECT SHOWING.

Larger Per Cent. of Republican Votes for Bryan Than of Democratic Votes for McKinley.

AT THE Rate of Gain Bryan Will Carry the State of Illinois by 30,000 Majority—This Is What the Record's Ballot Really Shows on a Correct Analysis—Palmer Is Not In It.

Chicago, Oct. 19, 1896.—(Special)—Notwithstanding the fact that the ballot being taken by the Chicago Record has been boycotted by the silver men throughout Chicago and the west, and that the returns received indicate that it has been boycotted and suppressed among the people, it is analyzed that Mr. Bryan will sweep Illinois and the central western states. The returns from Cook county, when analyzed, as they have been below, show that he will carry Cook county by 30,000 majority; that he will sweep the state, aided by the 30,000 majority, and that he will have a total majority in the entire state of more than 80,000. While the Record's ballot is not a fair test, and cannot be a fair test of the strength of the silver sentiment in Chicago and the country, it shows indisputably that the silver majority is voting for McKinley more than twice that number of republicans are voting for Bryan.

The following table, taken from the Record, and indorsed by the gentlemen in charge of the ballot, proves this to be true:

	Chicago	Bryan	McKinley	Palmer
1st	309	102	32	864
2nd	309	103	34	864
3rd	309	104	36	864
4th	309	105	38	864
5th	309	106	40	864
6th	309	107	42	864
7th	309	108	44	864
8th	309	109	46	864
9th	309	110	48	864
10th	309	111	50	864
11th	309	112	52	864
12th	309	113	54	864
13th	309	114	56	864
14th	309	115	58	864
15th	309	116	60	864
16th	309	117	62	864
17th	309	118	64	864
18th	309	119	66	864
19th	309	120	68	864
20th	309	121	70	864
21st	309	122	72	864
22nd	309	123	74	864
23rd	309	124	76	864
24th	309	125	78	864
25th	309	126	80	864
26th	309	127	82	864
27th	309	128	84	864
28th	309	129	86	864
29th	309	130	88	864
30th	309	131	90	864
31st	309	132	92	864
Total	9,119	2,536	27	84,860

Note.—The column to the right of Bryan vote also gives the total of those who voted for Harrison in 1892; the next column gives percentage. The column to the right of McKinley vote also gives the total of those who voted for Cleveland in 1892, and the next column gives this in percentage. The column to the right of the total gives the percentage of the Bryan vote cast by Palmer voters.

The above table shows the votes cast and counted in the Chicago Record's postal card election, as it appeared on that paper on Tuesday, October 14. As will be seen, the total cast for Bryan and McKinley is placed the number of those voting who voted for the opposition candidate in 1892. It will be seen that 27 out of every 100 who voted for Bryan voted for Harrison in 1892, while 19 out of every 100 who voted for McKinley voted for Cleveland in 1892. This is a net gain of eight per cent for Mr. Bryan.

It will also be seen that ten votes are cast for Palmer to every 100 cast for Bryan. This table also shows that these changes from Harrison to Bryan and Cleveland to McKinley in favor of Mr. Bryan in Cook and 25 of the 34 wards of the city. If the percentage of changes as shown herein are a correct index of what may be expected of the voters of Chicago and Cook county, Mr. Bryan will receive a large majority of the 100,000 plus who voted for Bryan in 1892, and the next November will be the last chance that moneyless men ever may have to record their votes for president. Many republican workmen are thoughtlessly going to the ballot box just as an ox goes to its manger—decorated in honor of its own death.—Rev. Herbert U. Cannon, Lynn, Mass.

Now, Mr. McKinley, suppose you let us know what are your speculations what you think of monopolies and trusts. You have heard of such things, have you not? Do you think they are so insignificant that you can afford to let them go? They have made more than a half a hundred species, and not a word have you spoken about trusts and monopolies. What strict trust laws do you have? What species of corporate greed. Mr. McKinley, sometimes silence is silver and sometimes it is suspicious.

The democrats are absolutely confident that Bryan will carry Iowa by 25,000. In 1892 the state gave Harrison 210,000 and Cleaveland 175,000. Bryan outside of Cook county has a plurality of 49,643. Combining this plurality with that of Cook county, viz.: 30,524, and we have the magnificent total of 80,177 plurality for Mr. Bryan in the entire state.

The Indianapolis convention has been described as the "finest array of bankers, railroad men and attorneys for corporations and trusts ever got together."

An Atlanta man has bet a hat that Palmer and Buckner will not carry a voting precinct in the United States.

Senator Allison writes a friend in Washington that he has Bryan written up.

STRONG REASONS PRESENTED. By the International Agricultural Congress for Remonetizing Silver.

Buda-Pesth, Sept. 20, 1896.—The designees of members of the international agricultural congress at Buda-Pesth desire to put on record the following facts:

(1) That during the three days' debate at the congress it was denied that the depression in agriculture results from the phenomenally low prices of all the products of agriculture.

(2) That the connection between the currency and agrarian issues has been almost unanimously affirmed by the representatives of agriculture at this congress.

(3) That the great majority of speakers, independently of their currency views, confirm the opinion of the leading agricultural authorities, that there is no over-production in cereals; and that the depression in agriculture cannot be referred to over-production.

(4) That every gold monetarist speaker has admitted that bimetallism would raise the price of agricultural produce.

(5) That no gold monetarist has used any argument which would to preclude the position of the bimetallicists, namely, that the restoration of silver to legal tender is a device of indebtedness by which they can pay their creditors in a depreciated currency.

The bimetallicists have agreed that the existing crisis in agriculture can be arrested by an international settlement of the currency question, and they therefore are of the opinion that it is the first duty of the various governments to cooperate without delay, so as to secure a settlement of the currency and exchange trouble.

(6) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(7) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(8) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(9) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(10) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(11) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(12) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(13) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(14) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(15) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(16) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(17) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(18) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(19) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(20) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(21) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(22) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(23) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(24) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(25) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(26) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(27) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(28) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(29) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(30) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(31) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(32) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(33) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(34) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(35) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(36) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(37) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(38) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(39) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(40) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(41) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(42) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(43) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(44) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(45) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(46) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(47) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(48) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(49) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(50) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(51) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(52) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(53) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(54) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(55) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(56) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(57) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(58) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(59) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(60) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(61) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(62) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(63) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(64) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(65) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(66) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(67) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(68) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(69) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(70) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(71) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(72) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(73) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(74) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(75) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(76) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(77) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(78) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(79) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(80) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(81) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(82) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(83) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(84) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(85) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(86) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(87) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(88) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(89) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(90) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(91) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(92) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(93) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(94) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(95) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(96) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(97) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(98) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(99) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(100) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(101) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(102) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(103) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(104) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(105) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(106) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(107) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(108) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(109) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(110) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(111) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(112) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(113) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(114) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(115) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(116) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(117) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(118) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(119) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(120) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(121) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(122) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(123) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(124) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(125) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(126) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(127) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(128) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(129) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(130) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(131) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(132) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(133) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(134) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(135) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(136) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(137) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(138) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(139) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(140) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(141) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

(142) That the silver standard advocates have agreed that the single gold standard is the fairest arrangement for the world.

ADVOCATE PUBLISHING COMPANY

Tuesday, Sept. 27, 1896.

TERMS OF ANNOUNCEMENT.

For County Offices \$ 5
 For District 10
 Cash must accompany order.
 No announcement inserted until paid for.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

Presidential.

For the United States,
 W. J. BRYAN,
 of Nebraska.

For Vice-President of the United States,
 ARTHUR SEWALL,
 of Maine.

Congressional.

For Congressman, Tenth District,
 T. Y. FITZPATRICK,
 of Floyd County.

How to Vote.

Place your stencil under the rooster and within the square like this and you will make no mistake; your vote will be counted.



This is the way it is done. At the last election a large number of Democratic ballots were thrown out for the lack of information. Vote this way and you will make no mistake, that is, place the X within the square right under the feet of the rooster, and in no other place or square. Before taking your ballot have the clerk to tell it for you.

Wonder if Mack Hanna hasn't thought that Madeline Pollard judgment, and if he isn't working it out of Willie Breckinridge at \$25.00 per speech.

Gen. Harrison, it is said by McKinley Ad journals, spoke in New Albany on the tariff issue to 10,000 people. This is the Louisville Times report. Cut one naught and the figures will be nearer correct. The Times is given to this kind of work just now. A report as to numbers from a Democratic rally, they cut off one naught and of a Republican or Palmerite demonstration, they add one. Gen. Harrison talked about the tariff, a dead issue in this campaign, and let the money question severally alone. A dead man with a defunct issue is the General this year.

'Do We Want Another Panic?'

I am a question asked by the Courier-Journal, the chief of bolting journals. It makes the further statement that Mr. Bryan had said that "free coinage would produce a panic for a time." The Courier-Journal, according to its garbling method, quotes Mr. Bryan just enough to misconstrue his meaning. The Courier-Journal knows, as Mr. Bryan does that the unscrupulous, envious, covetous Eastern capitalists, aided by England, would attempt a panic, not that it would be injurious to their interests, but that it would enable them to invest their money and still lower markets and when the effects of more money is felt they would realize the greater profits. For instance the farmers new covered with debt; who would close in and purchase their belongings at their own price, and a year or so later sell it at an advanced price. It would be the same game of steal, and we will never know how many thieves there are in this country until we witness such a precipitation. Is it better for us that a panic should come now or wait until we are older and our debts larger? If men are to be wiped out it is not better to renew life struggles now than to wait until they are bent with years?

It is reported that Mr. Ingles has said that the shock following the inauguration of bimetallism is his only dread of it; that if he could be satisfied it would last only a few years he would be in it. A great and startling admission, that silver and gold, the two metals, should be used but I am afraid it will hurt great interests for awhile. Had we not better stand a shock of short duration, by the continual issuing of bonds, the increasing value of gold and decreasing cereal and labor values, to keep up burdens until a crash comes and our possessions pass into the hands of others? By such a statement we are reminded of the man with the aching tooth. The doctor advised its extraction, telling him that it is the only remedy by which he can get relief, but he refuses on account of the immediate shock and pain.

If there is to be a crisis more direful than what we are now passing through, let it come; for behind the clouds is a shining sun, a prosperity which will bring joy to the oppressed and starving masses. A vote for Bryan and Sewall is right and fair with an onward march into the fields of prosperity and a vote against them is a continuation of these hard times, down a dismal road into financial destruction.

Take Down Your Pictures.

Sensible people, or people who would usually be regarded as sensible, sometimes make very great mistakes. Declarations made in regard to the effect of the free and unlimited coinage of silver made by gold advocates come under this head. These may result either from ignorance of the subject under consideration or from a desire to influence voters through prejudice fostered by a disregard of what is strictly honest. People who esteem truth above temporary success or partisanship will slow to set forth misleading statements, oral or printed, in word or by picture.

Will any American, patriotic, calm and unprejudiced, say that he really believes that the American people will, by the adoption of the free and unlimited coinage of silver, sink to an equality with the Mexican of to-day? If he does not, why then place himself in a position liable to bring himself into disrepute as being a man who would misrepresent, and as being narrow minded and ignorant. Be certain, gentlemen, about your pictures, statements and comparisons. Effects produced by one cause should not for political reasons be attributed to another cause.

Last week a report was circulated that by actual count the city of Louisville would go for McKinley by 14,000 majority, and that the report was from a Democratic source. On investigation it was ascertained that the information came from a trust company to a gold bug here. The people may judge whether a report from such a source is satisfactory. We have it from Democratic headquarters that the city will go for Bryan by a safe majority, which means the state by from 20,000 to 30,000 majority for Bryan and Sewall.

A man who violates the sanctity of another man's home does not deserve the respect, much less the sympathy of the public, and especially of God. He should be extricated from society, the same as his victim. To defend or condone a crime of this sort is putting a premium on immorality and making heroes of libertines.—The Gazette.

These are the words of the Gazette before the Republicans party nominated W. C. P. Breckinridge as their Congressman in the Seventh District, and while he was a Democrat, Will the Gazette now advise its readers to shun such a man? We hope it will. Men who have mothers, wives and daughters should have sufficient self-respect to give no encouragement to his wicked course. Would husbands in this town take Miss Pollard in their carriages and permit their wives and daughters hear her lecture unless she had repeated of her sins.

Men who solicit the suffrage of people should be men of recognized honesty, probity and nobility. Let men hear and heed the appeals and creations of the noble women who by their presence and words have blessed our town during the sessions of the W. C. T. U. Convention.

Classes Against the Masses.

The cry has been raised, and by men in this town, that Democratic speakers and writers are endeavoring to array men against men, masses against classes. It by this it is meant that we are helping to convince the great majority of our people, that their interest will be attained by opposing a financial system advocated by corporations, trusts and other financiers in London and New York, who have enlisted in their service railroad attorneys, bank employees and home merchants, all of whom think they are thereby serving their interests, we plead guilty and have no apology to make.

We do not appeal to the prejudices and animosities of men; we would not arouse hostility against men who, though they close in and pursue them, are in ways questionable, or, by fair and honest dealing, close attention to business and economy in expenditures have been successful in business.

We do not approve of the spirit of envy often cherished against others because they have accumulated more of money or property than their less enterprising and temperate and wise neighbors. In this campaign we are not assailing men of good character but against unrepentant, self-convinced debauchees we have a right to use our influence. We are sincere in our advocacy of the silver plank of the Chicago platform. For this we contend and in so doing we have the satisfaction of knowing that we voice the Democratic sentiment and policy, and are not bolters against the decisions of our State and National conventions.

We expect to work and vote for Bryan and Sewall electors and to share in the financial prosperity resulting from the enactment of laws passed by men who, in Congress, will crystallize the sentiment set forth in the financial plank of the Chicago platform; we will vote for Thomas Y. Fitzpatrick.

Democrats!

Allow nothing to keep you from the polls Tuesday, November 3rd. A great master is to be settled on that day; our future prosperity depends on the people. They must pass on this all absorbing question. The people are not satisfied with their present condition. From 1834 to now, whenever the volume of money has been decreased we have had a crisis, and we are having it now. Remember, readers, a crisis brings prospers times to a few; it is to those who have money. The hoarded capital buys your lands, your productions and closes your mortgages. It is desperate times to the many but prosperous to the few.

The farmer, the laborer, the professional man, our churches, our institutions of learning, our mission causes,

feel the depression of to-day, because of the scarcity of money. We must have a greater volume if our institutions, our farmers, our laborers prosper—and every man, woman and child interested in this question—and the vote of the United States on next Tuesday, it for Bryan & Sewall and Democratic congressmen, is in our interest. If for McKinley or Palmer, we can expect no better times. They offer no change and the fiscal results will be inevitable. We think we are passing through a crisis, but with a continuation of the present policy the thumb screws of all capital will be turned on and the disaster which will follow will be beyond the conception of man. Arouse, voters, act while you have opportunity and change the tide which is fast sweeping this country into destruction.

Is Palmer Responsible for Carville's Egging?

Coi. H. L. Stone, who is well known here, now an attorney of Louisville, and by the way is under contempt of court there, says through the columns of the Louisville Times that heretofore he had intended to cast his ballot for Palmer and Buckner, but since that disgraceful act at Covington—the eggng of Carlisle—he would vote for McKinley; and at this place we have heard of another who would do likewise. From such testimony we would conclude, in the absence of other evidence, that the Palmer and Buckner followers were the perpetrators of this most contemptible crime directly, or, at least, accessory to it. At least the Palmer and Buckner ticket, it seems from the act of these gentlemen, must suffer for this disgraceful conduct.

Celluloid Starch.

The best for the laundry, and our new White Coaline Soap is the best for both laundry and bath room.

CHILES, THOMPSON GROCERY CO.

Rich Red

Blood is absolutely essential to health. It is secured easily and naturally by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, but is impregnated with the "active tonics" and opiate compounds absurdly advertised as "blood purifiers." They have temporary, sleeping effect, but do not CURE. To have pure

Blood

And good health, take Hood's Sarsaparilla, which has first, last, and all the time, been advertised as just what it is—the best medicine for the blood ever produced. Its success in curing Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Nervous Prostration and That Tired Feeling, have made

Hood's
Sarsaparilla

The One True Blood Purifier. All digestive.

Hood's Pills are merely vegetable, soluble and beneficial.

900 DROPS
CASTORIA
Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomach and Bowels of INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old SAMUEL BRECKINRIDGE
Pumpkin Seed—
Rhubarb Root—
Anise Seed—
Poppy Seed—
Hemp Seeds—
Cinnamon Bark—
Honey—Pepper.

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac-Simile Signature of
Cha. H. Fletcher,
NEW YORK.

16 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

SEE THAT THE
FAC-SIMILE
SIGNATURE
OF

Cha. H. Fletcher
IS ON THE
WRAPPER
OF EVERY
BOTTLE OF

CASTORIA

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose." See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The fac-simile signature of Cha. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

News From Washington.

This campaign has created some very great surprise than any that has taken place yet, so far as the city of Washington is concerned, is the bold of General William Birney, United States District Attorney for the District of Columbia. He has declared his allegiance to the cause of Bryan and free silver. General Birney was one of the founders of the Republican party, in the days of Fremont, and he was a steadfast Republican, ever since. In declaring himself in a interview, General Birney said in part: "McKinley I regard the representative, a friend of the banking syndicate and other great trusts, monopolies and corporations in restraint of trade and he would go into office, if elected, pledged to perpetuate the policy of Grover Cleveland. That policy is the endless repetition of bond issues, increasing National debt and the placing of this government in perpetuity under the control of the power money."

We do not doubt the election of W. J. Bryan. If he is elected, it is conclusive that the Congress will also be Democratic. We may then expect the enactment of laws placing silver on an equality with gold. Then the purchasing power of a silver dollar will continue to be equal to the purchasing power of a gold dollar in securing all things raised and manufactured in the United States. Why so? Because the United States Government silver has decreased in, and because money is a creature of law.

If this policy should be made permanent I regard the farming classes as doomed to be changed from owners to tenants, a change which would involve a revolution in the affairs of this country.

"Mr. Bryan is a safe, intellectual man, whose heart is with humanity. I am for Mr. Bryan and American independence, American prosperity."

General Birney has offered his services to the Democratic National Committee, and during the rest of the campaign, Maryland, Delaware and possibly Ohio.

The city of Washington is naturally the best place in the country to get a pretty close estimate of the field in general, for the fact that here we get the news on both sides from every county in the United States and taking a middle-of-the-road view of the situation, a conservative, unbiased estimate, I am certain that Bryan will be made the next president by the electoral vote of the plowing states.

Alabama..... 11
Arkansas..... 8
California..... 9
Colorado..... 4
Florida..... 4
Georgia..... 13
Idaho..... 3
Illinois..... 24
Kansas..... 10
Kentucky..... 13
Louisiana..... 8
Mississippi..... 9
Michigan..... 14
Minnesota..... 9
Missouri..... 17
Nebraska..... 3
New Jersey..... 8
North Carolina..... 3
Oklahoma..... 11
Oregon..... 3
Pennsylvania..... 3
Rhode Island..... 3
South Carolina..... 11
Tennessee..... 3
Texas..... 9
Utah..... 3
Vermont..... 3
Virginia..... 3
Washington..... 3
West Virginia..... 3
Wyoming..... 3

S. Dakota..... 1
Tennessee..... 12
Washington..... 4
Wyoming..... 3

Total..... 26

This leaves Ohio, Indiana, Delaware, Iowa, Oregon, Maryland, West Virginia, New York and Wisconsin for McKinley, who is not certain of either. This is in my opinion a most conservative estimate, and from Bryan is certain of election.

The election of a President is not all that is needed to accomplish the free coinage of silver. We must have a free silver dollar of representatives and a Senate on the same line. Therefore, it behoves every lover of free silver congressional candidates. Let every man who loves his freedom and loves his country, in the old tenth District vote for Fitzpatrick, the champion it that part of the country, free silver, free America and freedom from all foreign domination. Vote for Bryan, Sewall, Fitzpatrick, free silver and independence.

C. HORN.

Did You Ever

Try Electric Bitter as a remedy for your croupies? It not get a bottle now and get relief. This medicine had been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all mouth complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have loss of appetite, constipation, headache, fainting spells, or are nervous, sleepless, excited, melancholy or troubled with dizzy spells, electric bitter is the medicine you need. Health and strength are guaranteed by its use. Fifty cents and \$1 at W. S. Lloyd's drugstore.

Nicholasville, Oct. 21.—The first reunion of the Eighth Kentucky Cavalry, C. S. A., was in session here last week. Ex-Confederate soldiers from all over the state were present and were royally entertained. Rev. F. W. Noland delivered the welcome address on behalf of the citizens of Nicholasville, and was succeeded by Col. Cleo Coleman, Col. Bennett, Young delivered an address on the history of the regiment, after which all marched to the cemetery where the ex-Confederate graves were decorated.

It was a time when hearts beat with love as the minds of the old comrades brought up recollections of more than a score and a half years ago. How many it is to memorize the lives and characters of our dead heroes. Tears were mingled with tender, loving speech and there was no failure to object or interfere.

Buggy robes, harness, Saddles, fine grades can be had at Owen Laughlin & Sons.

Price Is The Greatest Salesman in the World!



When PRICE rises to speak, Oratory, Wit, Humor and Eloquence take a back seat. Oratory will sometimes cause a man to swerve from one thought to another. Wit will sometimes bring laughter to home of the sorrow. Eloquence raises you to that pitch where you almost commit yourself. But there stands PRICE! No oratory, no wit, no eloquence, and yet as though by magic you act whether in need or not. Come to us and see what Price will do for you in a good All-wool Blue, Black or Brown Ulster Overcoat, or in a nice, genteel Dress Overcoat. We have hundreds of them that this price will move—

* * \$6.90. *

Come now and take your choice, as it is better to come early than to wish you had.

MT. STERLING, KY. WALSH BROS. Successors to L. B. Ringold.

SCHOOL BOOKS
AND
SCHOOL SUPPLIES
CHEAPEST

AT
KENNEDY'S DRUG STORE.

Chinn and Todd

AUTUMN STYLES
Lexington, Ky

The handsome residence of John J. Peed, near Millersburg, was destroyed by fire Saturday night. It was valued at \$12,000 and insured for \$5,000. Mr. Peed is a brother-in-law of T. F. Tabb, of this city.

Mr. White, a returned missionary from China, will speak at the First Presbyterian church this evening at 7:30 o'clock, on China. Mr. White is an earnest and eloquent speaker, and all who are fortunate to hear him will be well repaid. The lecture is free.

Ex-Congressman W. J. Stone made a rousing speech at Grassy Lick on last Saturday night to a large crowd of voters. At the conclusion of his speech three cheers were made for Bryan and Sewall and for the next Governor of Kentucky, W. J. Stone, and for the next County Judge of Montgomery county, Hon. A. A. Hazlewood.

Mr. Jas. H. Wood has succeeded Mr. Shute as express agent of this city. Mr. Shute and Mr. Fisher, who had charge of the express, have rendered good service as far as we are able to judge. They have returned to their former home in Ashland. During Mr. Wood's connection with the office there was no complaint and he served the people in that capacity for thirteen years, and his friends will be pleased to know that he has been returned to this position.

Mr. John R. Atkin, of Lexington made a telling speech on yesterday to a large crowd of Democrats.

Day and nights are chilly while driving without a buggy robe. Owen Laughlin & Son sell them.

Consumption Can Be Cured
by the use of Shiloh's Cure. This great Cough Cure is the only known remedy for that terrible disease.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Miss Maggie Fogg is visiting Mrs. Summers in Paris.

Miss Letitia Hedges, of Paris, is a guest of Mrs. M. W. Chorn.

W. G. Anderson was at the great barbecue at Jackson Monday.

Mr. Frank Payne, of Midway, spent Sunday with his friends in town.

Miss Sadie Robertson has returned from a visit to relatives in Shelby County.

Mrs. C. C. Turner, of Frankfort, is spending the week with her father's family.

Miss Lenore Dunlap, of DeKalb, formerly of this country, is now staying with the family of G. W. Anderson.

W. W. Reed and family spent Sunday with the family of Mr. P. L. Skinner, of Clark.

Malcolm Thompson and wife, of Scott county, are visiting their son, Dr. W. R. Thompson.

Miss Mayme Weakley, of Shelby County, is the very pleasant guest of Miss Sadie Robertson.

Mrs. Matt Farmer and daughter, Miss Mitie, have returned from an extended visit to Iowa.

Miss Mary Pratt Holden was at home from Georgetown College from Saturday until this morning.

Mrs. Mary Hudson, mother of Mrs. Henry Barnes, has come to Mr. Sterling to live, and will be with her daughter.

Mr. Fannie Priest and Miss Nettie Hunt will leave to-morrow evening to attend the Hunt-Clark wedding at Winchester to-morrow evening.

Blood is Life.

It is the medium which carries to every nerve, muscle, organ and fibre its nourishment and strength. If the blood is pure, rich and healthy you will be well; if impure, disease will soon overtake you. Hood's Sarapilla has power to keep you in health by making your blood pure and rich.

Hood's Pills are easy to take, easy to operate, cure indigestion, biliousness, &c.

Born, on the 14th inst., to ———Riddle and wife, a daughter.

In our Dress Goods and Dress Making departments we have many French novelties for street, dinner and evening Gowns, with beautiful trimmings just to match selected in Paris by Miss Curry. Our own importation.

In our Cloak department we've the most stylish Jackets and Capes. In Kid Gloves we have all the new shapes. A full line of Hosiery and Underwear. Corsets in all the well known makes.

Many of our customers have signified their intention of trying the Cash System this season. We will meet them half way and give a discount of 5 per cent. on all purchases of \$1 and over.

Deaths.

Died, on yesterday morning at his late home at the Levee, Mr. Harry Knox, aged about 55 years. Mr. Knox had been in poor health for several months. He was one of our best citizens. He leaves a wife and two children. Burial in Machpelah this afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Thomas Stokely, aged forty-one years, formerly of this country, on yesterday fell in the barn — R. L. Moore, in Bourbon county, and was buried at Spencer to-day at 3 o'clock.

Thomas Stokely, aged forty-one years, formerly of this country, on yesterday fell in the barn — R. L. Moore, in Bourbon county, and was buried at Spencer to-day at 3 o'clock.

Miss Dee Stephens and Mr. T. A. Smart, of Kansas City, Mo., will be married on November 4 at 8 o'clock p.m. at the Southern Presbyterian Church.

Miss Fannie Weakley and Shelby Ray Martin, of Shelby County, will be married November 4th.

Miss Margaret Ingles.

The gifted and talented speaker of Paris, Ky., and who has won fame by her able presentation of the silver question, will speak at the Court House in this city next Thursday afternoon in the interest of Bryan and Sewall and Free Silver.

Mrs. Mary Hudson, mother of Mrs. Henry Barnes, has come to Mr. Sterling to live, and will be with her daughter.

Mr. Fannie Priest and Miss Nettie Hunt will leave to-morrow evening to attend the Hunt-Clark wedding at Winchester to-morrow evening.

Blood is Life.

It is the medium which carries to every nerve, muscle, organ and fibre its nourishment and strength. If the blood is pure, rich and healthy you will be well; if impure, disease will soon overtake you. Hood's Sarapilla has power to keep you in health by making your blood pure and rich.

Hood's Pills are easy to take, easy to operate, cure indigestion, biliousness, &c.

Born, on the 14th inst., to ———Riddle and wife, a daughter.

Easy to Take
Easy to Operate

Are features peculiar to Hood's Pills. Small in size, tasteless, efficient, thorough. As one man

Hood's
Pills

said: "You never know you have taken a pill till it is all over." 25c. C. L. Hood & Co., Proprietors, Lowell, Mass. The only pills to take with Hood's Sarapilla.

Today and tomorrow are the last days of supplementary registration.

14-2t

R. M. BURBRIDGE.

A Baby's Life Saved.

"My baby had croup and was saved by Shiloh's Cure," writes Mrs. J. B. Martin, of Huntsville, Ala. For sale by Thomas Kennedy.

Remember the Administrator's sale of J. H. Smith's property on November 7th.

14-2t

J. H. BRUNNER.

Lost.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Low.

A tobacco sack containing from \$2 to \$8. Finder will be rewarded.

J. H. BRUNNER.

Mrs. Anna Gage, wife of Ex-Deputy U. S. Marshal,

Columbus, Kan., says:

"I was delivered of **TWINS** in less than 30 minutes and with scarcely any pain after using only two bottles of

"MOTHER'S FRIEND"

DID NOT SUFFER AFTERWARD.
SPECIAL BY EXPRESS OR MAIL ON RECEIPT OF THIS
BOOK. "BOOK TO MOTHERS"
MAILED FREE.

BRAHMIN REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Ingersoll on the Free Coinage of Silver.

On May 22, 1894, he said the following at the close of one of his lectures:

"I said I would say one or two words to-night on such vulgar things as gold and silver. I am as satisfied as I am live that the few—the few who control the debt, the currency of the world—have combined whether consciously or unconsciously, to make the debtor pay more than the creditor has a right to ask."

The tendency has always been in this world to put the burdens on those least able to bear them. In barbaric countries the women have to do the work simply because they are the weaker—that is all. And the other, being the stronger, do not expand their strength in making the weaker do the work.

"This is precisely the same in our civilized society to-day. Between the rich and the poor, if the burden is to be borne in this country, it is borne always by the poor—always."

"They are the first to suffer. Let the blast of war blow in this country, who goes to war? The millionaires? Not one. Who goes? The great presidents of corporations? The bankers? The men who preside over our great vaults of gold? Not much! They poor go because nine times out of ten the poorer the man is the more patriotic he seems to be. The poor bear the burdens of this country and of this world."

"Only a few years ago our money was gold and silver—money that has been the money of man for thousands of years. Our silver was demonetized and gold made the standard."

"There is no man in the United States with ingenuity enough to account for the demonetization of silver in 1873. There is not one. We need altogether more money than we have. How much have we got? Four or five hundred millions in silver; four or five or six in gold—six hundred millions, maybe, today. Let me show you."

There is as much money as there was before, but there never was enough money, and I do think the less money the more misery."

"In this country, as well as in any other, it is the medium of exchange."

"I believe that every ounce of silver that is dug under the American flag should be coined free under the American flag. In my country they are mostly on the other side. They are with the bankers—with the rich folk."

"They get together and say we want gold. A man makes a contract to pay certain money in five years. I want a law so that he can pay the money when the money comes due, with the money that was money when he made the contract. I do not think the few should have the right to combine to increase the value of what people call money as against the debtor and in favor of the creditor."

"I know most people think it requires much more honesty to be ready to receive the money than it does to work in snow, sun and sleet to earn money. That is why anybody could do that. And I know another thing about money. It is the most social stuff on earth. A dollar hates a poor man's pocket and will get out of it some way and it will just roll off into a vault with a lot of companions."

It is the most social thing in the world. But I want the free coinage of all the gold you can dig out of the crevices of the rocks, and I want the free coinage of all the silver you can win from the mines of America. [Applause.] And if there are those who are not willing to take silver we will not trade with them. It would be a thousand times better for us if we never bought another thing from Europe. If we could only get here all the things we want ourselves, what smart people would have. If you manufacture you will grow intelligent and rich. The farmer that sells corn gets food, but if he sells horses, hogs and cattle, he gets rich. If he raises wheat and simply sells it as such he won't get much money, but if he sells it as wedding cake or pan cake he will get rich."

"In other words the more thought you give your labor, the smarter you will be and the richer you will get. I want America to be independent of any other nation on the face of the globe."

HAS HE FLOPPED?

W. C. P. Breckinridge Believes it Dishonest to Bolt.

In a speech delivered in Lexington, September, 1894, Col. W. C. P. Breckinridge used the following language:

"From the opening of the canvas to the present time I have never omitted an opportunity to declare my intention to submit to the verdict of the democratic party, as announced by the majority of its voters on the 15th day of September, and pledge to the nominee, whoever he might be, the support of friends and myself. I am a Democrat; I believe in its policies, its platform, its principles and its organization. The day for independent action has passed away, and it is only through co-operative energies that an enlightened popular opinion can be crystallized into statute. I have therefore whether I agree or disagree with the party at any particular juncture, loyally submitted to its mandates and supported its nominees, and I shall continue to do this."

"Besides, I admit that there is an absolute obligation upon him who goes into a primary to abide by its result; that he who votes at a primary and fails to support the nominee, does a dishonest and dishonest, as well as a disloyal act; that no honest man, no loyal Democrat, can be guilty of going into a primary and then, because of his defeat, vote against the nomineee."

"We need twice as much money per capita to do the business of this country as is needed to do the business of any other country, and yet there is always somebody who is crazy for fear there will be more currency. I want just all the money we can get that is good, and silver is good enough for me. All I want of money is to pay my debts. Yes, sir; and I want the law to compel the other fellow to take what I take. That is good enough for me."

"Now they talk about hard times. Well, we never had enough money, as a matter of fact. But in good times every prosperous man inflates the currency. He goes down to the grocer and says: 'I want five dollars' worth of tea, coffee or sugar; charge it.' He has inflated the currency \$5. He buys a horse of a neighbor and gives him a note for \$100. He has established a letter of credit and inflates the currency that much. When prosperous, every man's mouth is a mint, just coining money."

"Then we have good times. Then those bankers get together, with the money you deposit, they loan it you, not theirs. They never loan out their own. They 'coine' a panic. Then you go to the grocer and say: 'charge it!' and he says he won't. Then come what is called hard times."

A READER.

I have never seen anything in the papers about the People's Wind Mill; we call it the "People's" because the people never paid for it, but he everybody is using it. A man can make a mill himself, and all the material will not cost over \$10. It is a splendid mill, will pump the deepest wells and will last longer than any mill I ever had. Any person can get directions. The complete directions free I did, by sending two 1-cent stamps to post postage, to Mr. E. D. Wilson & Co., Allegheny, Pa. Wilson & Co. sell pumps, and when you go to your wind mill going would be glad to sell you a pump if you need it. It is certainly useless to pay \$50 or \$60 for a pump when you can get one just as good for \$10. I think there could be big money made putting these mills up through the country, as everybody would like to have them."

A READER.

Money! Make it Yourself.

I have never seen anything in the papers about the People's Wind Mill; we call it the "People's" because the people never paid for it, but he everybody is using it.

A man can make a mill himself, and all the material will not cost over \$10. It is a splendid mill, will pump the deepest wells and will last longer than any mill I ever had. Any person can get directions. The complete directions free I did, by sending two 1-cent stamps to post postage, to Mr. E. D. Wilson & Co., Allegheny, Pa. Wilson & Co. sell pumps, and when you go to your wind mill going would be glad to sell you a pump if you need it.

It is certainly useless to pay \$50 or \$60 for a pump when you can get one just as good for \$10. I think there could be big money made putting these mills up through the country, as everybody would like to have them."

A READER.

Copy of Dr. Pierce's celebrated book.

The Complete Medical

and Surgical Practice

Original Pennyroyal Pill Book

The Store That's Always Crowded!

Because We
Always Undersell
Every House
In Everything.

It is easy to understand how we do the largest business in Mt. Sterling. We buy newer goods than any other house, pay spot cash, and in consequence get inside prices. Moreover, any advantage the manufacturer can give, is given to us; such as closing out the balance of a stock at reduced prices. Our prices, in view of these facts, are beyond the competition of other houses.

We Do The Business.

For Bargains and honest dealing, come to Mt. Sterling's Great Bargain House—

Black Dress Goods.

All-wool Black Cheviot Sarges, 36 inches wide, regular selling price 65 cents..... 40c
40-Inch Figured Wool Goods, regular selling price 60c, at... 39c
54-Inch Black Broad Cloth, special drive for this week.... 63c
A beautiful piece of Black Worsted, will make a beauty, 16c
50 Pieces of Novelties, correct styles, in all colors..... 15c

Flannels.

Non-shrinking Shaker Flannel, heavy quality, soft and feely, 10c
All-wool Red Flannel, plain or twilled, the usual 25c quality, 15c
All-wool Red Flannel, plain, the usual 20c quality..... 12c
The newest patterns in Flannel ettes, Persian fancy stripes, black and white, width 12½c, our price..... 19c

Jeans.

Extra quality Covington Jeans, usual 15c quality..... 10c
All-wool Whittingheil Jeans, usual 25c quality..... 18c
All-wool Doe Skin Jeans, usual 35c quality..... 24c

Cottons.

Yard-wide Cotton 4c
Sea Island O. N. G. Cotton 4c
Yard-wide Bleach Cotton 4c
6c Quality Bleach 5c

Clothing.

Men's all wool Black Cheviot Suit \$3.37
Men's all-wool Gray Cashmere Suit \$2.65
Men's Brown Kersey Suits, all-wool..... \$5.24
Men's Black Beaver Cloth Box Overcoats, black or blue..... \$4.65
Men's Milton Overcoats \$5.84

Flannels.

Non-shrinking Shaker Flannel, heavy quality, soft and feely, 10c

Jeans.

Extra quality Covington Jeans, usual 15c quality..... 10c

Cottons.

Yard-wide Cotton 4c

Clothing.

Men's all wool Black Cheviot Suit \$3.37

Jeans.

Men's all-wool Gray Cashmere Suit \$2.65

Cottons.

Men's Brown Kersey Suits, all-wool..... \$5.24

Clothing.

Men's Black Beaver Cloth Box Overcoats, black or blue..... \$4.65

Clothing.

Men's Milton Overcoats \$5.84

Men's Long Ulsters in Gray \$3.15

Men's Nappy Ulsters, Irish Freeze..... \$5.75

Children's Suits, gray or brown, 74c

Extra fine quality all-wool

Tricots..... \$1.84

Men's Cuduroy Pants, Bull Dog brand..... \$1.84

Men's Cuduroy Pants, Ox brand, warranted not to rip \$1.50

Men's all-wool Pantaloons..... \$1.24

Men's all-wool Jersey Pants, \$1.74

Men's Jeans Pants, Old Honesty Never Rip..... 84c

large black buttons..... 85.24

An elegant Beaver Jacket, latest style sleeves..... 82.98

Boots.

Men's Heavy Boots, good long leg..... \$1.24

Men's Kip Boots, whole leather..... \$1.98

Hays & Newmeyer's Favorite Boot..... \$2.60

Farmers' Veal Calf Boots, hand-made, saddle seam..... \$2.24

Shoes.

Ladies' Heavy Gait Shoes..... 75c

Ladies' Pebble Shoes, heavy, hand-turned..... 98c

A Handsome Present Given with every

\$20 Purchase!

"The Louisville Store" of HAYS & NEWMAYER.

OUR CITY HONORED

And Our People Blessed by the Presence and Counsels of

MANY NOBLE WOMEN.

Whose Hearts are Filled with the Praise of God and Zeal to protect Our Homes and

Nature Land.

The 16th Annual State Convention of the Women's Christian Temperance Union convened at the Methodist Church, Mt. Sterling, Kentucky, on Friday evening, October 23, 1896. Mrs. Frances Beauchamp, of Lexington, State President, presides during the convention.

Devotional services consisted of songs, scripture reading by Mrs. Nellie Arnsperger, of Lexington, Corresponding Secretary, and prayer by Mrs. Mary Hughes, of Wilmore, and the President. Welcome addresses were delivered by Mrs. T. F. Rogers, President Local Unit, and in behalf of the churches by Revs. J. W. Mitchell, H. D. Clark, Everett Gill, and A. J. Arrick, and on behalf of the County Christian Endeavor Union by Miss Mary Anderson. Responses were made by Mrs. —— Grinstead, of Lexington and Miss Mary McClure, of Williamstown. Then came the address of the State President, Mrs. Beauchamp. This address will appear in subsequent issues of the ADVOCATE. We regret we cannot furnish it in this issue as its merit deserves now a careful reading by all who are interested in the purity and preservation of our people and the honor and security of our State and nation. The inclement weather prevented many from attending. We wish everyone in town could have been present to enjoy the feast of good things.

SATURDAY MORNING.

The storm had cleared away and the sunshine came with these good women to cheer and bless us.

Devotional services were led by Miss Corinne Wilson, of Williams-ton.

The morning session was devoted to usual roll call of Executive Committee, reading of the minutes of Executive Committee meetings and discussion of recommendations in the President's address.

As is customary with the W. C. T. U. the morning session closed with devotional services led by Mrs. Hughes, of Wilmore. Her life motto is found in Psalm 34:1—“I will bless the Lord at all times; His praise shall continually be with me.”

SATURDAY AFTERNOON.

There were reports of committees on Credentials, Vice-President, Corre-

sponding Secretary, Treasurer and Organizer.

Mrs. Caroline Apperson Leech, of Louisville, and Miss Katherine R. Pettit, of Lexington, spoke on Rescue Work.

The Treasurer, Mrs. M. E. Bryan, of Milledsburg, read her report. Total collections for the year amounted to \$95,25. There are 100 Unions, fifty of which have been organized during the past year. Of the members enrolled during the year 424 have paid their dues. There are now 1524 members in the State.

The Willard Settlement of Louisville, a home for unfortunate women, is the first in the world organized by the W. C. T. U.

SATURDAY EVENING.

The attraction was the exercises of the Local Temperance Legion. For a week Mr. Addie Field, known in England and America for her zeal in the W. C. T. U. work, has been training the children and organizing the Legion. The house was crowded when the procession of 80 children, lead by the drummer boy, Frank Hill, a curly head child of seven years, marched through the church time and again with their banners. Among the children who took part were John White Trimble, Bettie Donabue, Anderson Boggs, Miss Lizzie Wyett, who had recitations, and Luther Redmon, who sang. There were songs in the chorus of which all the children took part.

The thoughts in these recitations and songs were along temperance lines.

The Legion is a permanent organization.

Then came short talks by Messmes. Rivers, Beauchamp and Field.

SUNDAY MORNING.

Mrs. Beauchamp spoke at the usual hour of worship at the Methodist Church.

The usual Sunday School services at Methodist church were dispensed with and Mesdames Field, Hughes, Klein, Beauchamp and Bender occupied the time.

SUNDAY AFTERNOON.

Sunday afternoon at 2:15 Mrs. Field met the children and many others interested in children's work at the Christian Church. Before three o'clock the Methodist Church was crowded. The speaker was a woman who for many years has devoted her powers of mind and heart to the rescue of mankind from the nation and world's common enemy, strong drink.

She who has been so conspicuous in W. C. T. U. work is Mrs. Clara C. Hoffman, Corresponding Secretary of the National, and President of the Missouri W. C. T. U. One who hears her is convinced that she has tenderness of heart, breadth of comprehension, consciousness of expression and power of oratory whether she considers herself, environment as affecting character, the degradation and sorrows produced by the liquor traffic, or the details of work in the missions among the unfortunate and outcast.

May many blessings come to our delegates present at the W. C. T. U. State Convention now in session in our city:

From Lexington: Mrs. Frances E. Beauchamp and Mrs. Nellie T. Arnsperger, with Mrs. T. F. Rogers, Mrs. Irene Grinstead. Miss Fannie Guan, Mrs. Roark, with Mrs. B. F. Thompson. Mrs. Millward,

community because of her address.

SUNDAY EVENING.

The mother's meeting of the W. C. T. U. Sunday evening at 6 o'clock was a great success and was largely attended. Mrs. Field conducted the meeting and was assisted by Mrs. Klein, of Winchester, State Superintendent of Mother's Meetings. Mrs. Sarah W. Marshall, of Lexington, gave a splendid talk on social purity. The talk by Mrs. Mary W. Bender, of Louisville, and Mrs. Mary W. Hughes, of Wilmore, were perfect in their line.

There were services at only two churches Sunday night, the Methodist and Christian. Mrs. Field spoke first at the Methodist church on "The Rights of Children," after which she went to the Christian church, Mrs. Klein followed Mrs. Field at the Methodist church. She told of the formation of the W. C. T. U. in foreign lands, and of the World's Convention in London to which she was a delegate. Her recital of facts connected with the work was highly interesting. Talks were made at the Christian church by Mesdames Leech, Klein, Bender and Field.

MONDAY.

After devotional services the unfinished business of Saturday was resumed. There were reports of Superintendents of Flower Missions, Sabbath Observance, State and County Fairs, Sunday Schools, Young Women's Work, Railroads, Parity, etc.

The election of officers was as follows:

Mrs. Frances Beauchamp, Lexington, President; Mrs. Dorothy Roger, Paducah, V. P.; Mrs. Nellie Arnsperger, Lexington, Cor. Secretary; Mrs. Annie McClure, Williamson, Recording Secretary; Mrs. M. E. Bryan, Milledsburg, Treasurer.

Mrs. Beauchamp addressed Prof. Goodwin's Male School.

The beautiful Memorial Service was just before noon hour.

The convention selected the field daisy as their state flower.

Mrs. Clara Hoffman was voted a member of the convention with all privileges. Her bright remarks were much enjoyed. Among other things she said that in the twenty-two years of W. C. T. U. work in the United States there had never been a defaulting treasurer.

Mrs. Bruce and Mrs. White, former missionaries to Brazil and China, addressed the convention.

The young ladies of Mt. Sterling have organized a Y. Society. Young men will be admitted as honorary members.

On Monday evening Mrs. Hoffman lectured to a crowded house on "The Problem That Faces Us."

DELEGATES.

The following is a partial list of delegates present at the W. C. T. U. State Convention now in session in our city:

From Lexington: Mrs. Frances E. Beauchamp and Mrs. Nellie T. Arnsperger, with Mrs. T. F. Rogers, Mrs. Irene Grinstead. Miss Fannie Guan, Mrs. Roark, with Mrs. B. F. Thompson. Mrs. Millward,

with Mrs. Abb Oldham, Mrs. Sarah W. Marshall and Miss Pettit, with Mrs. Robert Marshall, Mrs. Mary Rogers, with Mr. Lewis Apperson.

From Winchester: Mrs. Kate F. Klein, with Mr. Chas. R.; Misses Rotta Davis and Laura Eaton, with Mr. Bruce Trimble; Mrs. Pierce, with Mrs. Mary Megar.

From Williamstown: Mrs. McClure, with Mrs. Richard Stofer; Misses Pauline Johnston and Corinne Wilson, with Mr. Henry Jones; Mrs. Zella O. Nesbitt, with Mrs. Howard Howell.

From Owensboro: Mrs. E. E. Owsley and Mrs. Modile Davis, with Mr. R. M. Smith.

From Cynthia: Mrs. J. T. Mosley, with Mrs. G. E. Chick.

From Middleboro: Mrs. Jenkins, with Mrs. Silas Stofer.

From Louisville: Mrs. Alice Woodard, with Mrs. Matt Clay, and Mrs. R. L. Brown, from Ashland, who is with Mrs. Reis.

From Greensburg: Mrs. Van Metes, with Mrs. John E. Groves; Mrs. Hobson, with Mrs. Waller.

From Madisonville: Mrs. Jenkins and Miss Morgan, with Mrs. Ed. C. Oscar;

Wilmore: Mrs. Mary W. Hughes, with Mrs. Jno. Oldham.

From Paducah: Mrs. Rowena Rivers, with Mrs. Waller.

From Millersburg: Mrs. M. E. Bryan, with Mrs. Geo. Baird.

Mrs. Clara Hoffman is entertained by Mrs. A. J. Arrick.

Mrs. J. R. Jenkins and Mrs. J. W. Patterson, of Madisonville, and Mrs. Rodman and Mrs. Conner, of Louisville.

We are indebted to Mrs. Fannie Priest for favors shown in reporting the Convention.

RELIGIOUS.

At the morning service of the Baptist church there were seven additions.

Rev. Everett Gill preached at Howard's Mill church Sunday afternoon to a good congregation, and the subscription for a pastor's salary was completed.

The protracted meeting at Spencer Christian Church which had been in progress for ten days closed Sunday evening. Pastor A. Simpson was assisted by Elder S. H. Barrer, of Lexington. Mr. Barrer is an eloquent, forceful preacher and won the hearts of his audience. There were 18 confessions during the meeting. The Sunday School was reorganized Sunday with thirty pupils. Mr. Tios Coons was elected Superintendent and G. W. Kemper Assistant Superintendent.

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did not make, and then says the statement is "absolutely false."

The Gazette attributes to the Advocate a statement which we did